Art at		EYFS	Year 1/2A	Year 1/2B	Year 3/4A	Year 3/4B	Year 5/6A	Year 5/6B
NWA								
Design	ng/	develop/apply own ideas through drawing, painting	Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can show ideas/imagination through drawing, painting and sculpture and produce simple designs.	Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can show ideas/imagination through drawing, painting and sculpture and produce simple designs.	Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can use a sketchbook to record observations and develop ideas comparing similarities and differences with peers.	Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can use a sketchbook to record observations and develop ideas comparing similarities and differences with peers. Teaching of the 7 elements of art is explicit linking to Matisse.	Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can use a sketchbook to show how ideas have been improved through critical thinking and discussion.	Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can use a sketchbook to show how ideas have been improved through critical thinking and discussion.
		Begin planning designs such as own planet.					Developing/ Applying Ideas he/she can use a sketchbook to produce labelled diagrams for her 3D work.	
Skills	Drawing	different types of lines – straight, dots	Drawing With pencil, he/she can make different marks: dots, dashes, scribbles, sweeping lines, wavy lines, straight lines	Drawing With pencil, he/she can make different marks: dots, dashes, scribbles, sweeping lines, wavy lines, straight lines	Drawing he/she can use different types of lead pencil to scribble, shade (hatch & cross hatch), dot, dash, circle, spiral.	Drawing he/she can use different types of lead pencil to scribble, shade (hatch & cross hatch), dot, dash, circle, spiral.	Drawing With pencil, he/she can use hard and soft lines to record detail in the distance, foreground & create shadow and avoid using an eraser.	Drawing With pencil, he/she can use hard and soft lines to record detail in the distance, foreground & create shadow and avoid using an eraser.
					Drawing With pencil, he/she can use pressure to create hard and soft lines and use soft lines to plan a drawing.			
		coloured pencil, he/she can begin to	Drawing with coloured pencil, he/she can keep within the lines of a drawing when adding colour.		Drawing with coloured pencil, he/she can block colour by applying pencil strokes in the same direction.		Drawing with coloured pencil, he/she can layer colours and explain how this creates depth of colour and tone.	
					Drawing with coloured pencil, he/she can control depth of colour by applying different pressures on the pencil tip.			
		crayon, he/she can experiment with	Drawing with wax crayon, he/she can push down to make bold and strong lines and apply less pressure to make soft lines.		Drawing with wax crayon, he/she can plan and use different pressure to produce a picture working from light to dark.		Drawing he/she can prepare a drawing surface to create an wax crayon image. e.g. colouring in a solid area; applying a top layer of black paint mixed with washing-up liquid; drawing by scraping into the surface with a sharp tool.	
				Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she make faint, soft lines and apply more pressure to make stronger lines.		Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can vary the thickness of lines.	Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can use the tip to create detail.	Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can use the tip to create detail.
		Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can blend		Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can blend and smudge.		Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can use the side to build up layers of colour.	Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can use blending and overlaying colours to create soft backgrounds, using fingers to smudge.	Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can use blending and overlaying colours to create soft

	and smudge with hands.						backgrounds, using fingers to smudge.
			Drawing he/she can use charcoal pieces to create: different lines, large sweeping movements.		Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can work on a soft paper to create an image with a set coloured background.		
					Drawing with pastel/charcoal, he/she can work on top of a background to create detail.		
			Drawing he/she can use different types of pen to make different types of line.	Drawing with pen, he/she can make a variety of lines free- flowing, sweeping, broken, faint & hard.		Drawing he/she can use pens to record minute detail.	Drawing he/she can use pens to record minute detail.
			Drawing he/she can use ball-point & felt tip pens to make fine marks.				
Painting	begin to hold a brush correctly and	Painting he/she can hold a brush correctly and use different types and sizes of brush.		Painting he/she can select the brush size and type depending on the task.			
	_	Painting he/she can use a paint brush to: dab, smooth, wash, sponge, stipple, stroke.					
	mix to create the 3	Painting he/she can mix colours and describe how to make them.		Painting he/she can mix and match colours for purpose: skin tones, backgrounds.	colours for purpose: skin tones, backgrounds.	Painting he/she can create different effects e.g. wet paint to create a watercolour; texture by adding PVA or sawdust; using brushes in different ways with thickened paint.	Painting he/she can create different effects e.g. wet paint to create a watercolour; texture by adding PVA or sawdust; using brushes in different ways with thickened paint
	Painting he/she can begin to control paint and water to mix paint of different thicknesses.		Painting he/she can control paint and water to mix paint of different thicknesses.		Painting he/she can mix different thicknesses of paint for different purposes e.g. Thin for a wash and increasing in thickness to show images at in the background and foreground.	Painting he/she can create layers of paint to add detail to background colours.	Painting he/she can create layers of paint to add deta to background colours.
	Painting he/she can begin to load a brush with the correct amount of paint		Painting he/she can load a brush with the correct amount of paint and choose the correct brush size.				
			Painting he/she can use different brush types to make different marks: lines, blobs, dots,dashes.				

	Artist	Independent Artist he/she can begin to recall all the equipment needed for an art session.	Independent Artist he/she can recall all the equipment needed for an art session.	Independent Artist he/she can recall all the equipment needed for an art session.	Independent Artist he/she can choose a suitable surface to work on.	Independent Artist he/she can choose a suitable surface to work on.	Independent Artist he/she can choose a suitable format to work with: Portrait or Landscape.	Independent Artist he/she can choose a suitable format to work with: Portrait or Landscape.
		Independent Artist he/she can help prepare and clear away her paint area.	Independent Artist he/she can help prepare and clear away her paint area with consideratin of workspace.	Independent Artist he/she can help prepare and clear away her paint area with consideration of workspace.			Independent Artist he/she can select the most effective medium for different pieces of work and explain choices.	Independent Artist he/she can select the most effective medium for different pieces of work and explain choices.
					Independent Artist he/she can take responsibility for preparing, organising and clearing away their painting area.	Independent Artist he/she can take responsibility for preparing, organising and clearing away their painting area. Pupils can work towards a final art piece in the Summer term inspired by a visiting artist.	Independent Artist he/she can make a clear plan for there working area and the equipment needed for a complete art project taking inspiration from studied and visiting artists.	Independent Artist he/she can make a clear plan for there working area and the equipment needed for a complete art project taking inspiration from studied and visiting artists.
	Sculptur e		Sculpture he/she can make a model using natural and man made materials to show a simple idea or using her imagination	model using natural and man made materials to show a simple	Sculpture he/she can make a 3D sculpture using clay or a range of materials. e.g. modroc, papier mache.	Sculpture he/she can make a 3D sculpture using clay or a range of materials. e.g. modroc, papier mache.	Sculpture he/she can add detail to a clay sculpture using clay tools or to a 3D sculpture using different materials	Sculpture he/she can add detail to a clay sculpture using clay tools or to a 3D sculpture using different materials
				Sculpture he/she can explain how they are making their sculpture and joining materials by gluing and stitching.		Sculpture he/she can make a 3D sculpture using a range of joining methods e.g. gluing, stitching, weaving, applique.	Sculpture he/she can make a 3D sculpture using a range of joining methods e.g. gluing, stitching, weaving, applique, tying	Sculpture he/she can make a 3D sculpture using a range of joining methods e.g. gluing, stitching, weaving, tying
	Critical Thinking	visual literacy skills through the Superpower of Looking –	Pupils begin to learn visual literacy skills through the Superpower of Looking – artsmark.org.uk Sentence stems KS1 – Talk like an Artist	Pupils begin to learn visual literacy skills through the Superpower of Looking – artsmark.org.uk Sentence stems KS1 – Talk like an Artis	Pupils develop visual literacy through the Superpower of Looking – artsmark.org.uk Sentence stems KS2 – Talk like an Artist	Pupils develop visual literacy through the Superpower of Looking – artsmark.org.uk Sentence stems KS2 – Talk like an Artist	Pupils embed visual literacy through the Superpower of Looking – artsmark.org.uk together with progressive critical thinking discussion and debate. Sentence stems KS2 – Talk like an Artist	Pupils embed visual literacy through the Superpower of Looking – artsmark.org.uk together with progressive critical thinking discussion and debate. Sentence stems KS2 – Talk like an Artist
	Context/ History with increasin g awarene ss of local	differences and	Art in Context/History he/she can describe differences and similarities between drawings, paintings and sculptures by well known artists and designers.		Art in Context/History he/she can create images in the style of an artist from history.	Art in Context/History he/she can create images in the style of an artist from history.	Art in Context/History he/she can use observational skills to replicate images by well known artists and explain how thier work is similar/different.	Art in Context/History he/she can use observational skills to replicate images by well known artists and explain how thier work is similar/different.
	artist and architect ure	Art in Context/History he/she can identify how her own work	Art in Context/History he/she can describe how her own work is similar and/or different to	Art in Context/History he/she can describe how her own work is similar and/or different to the	Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known artists', including local,	Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known artists', including local, work and explain how their work is similar/different.	Art in Context/History he/she can explore the impact of well known artists, including local, work on the society at the time.	Art in Context/History he/she can use stylistic features of well known artists', including local, work

	ocabul Y	is similar and/or different to the work of well known artists and designers.	the work of well known artists, including local, and designers. Art in Context/History he/she can identify older architecture in King's Lynn.	work of well known artists, including local, and designers. Art in Context/History he/she can identify older architecture in King's Lynn.	work and explain how their work is similar/different. Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known architects' work and explain how their work is similar/different. Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known local architecture.	Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known architects' work and explain how their work is similar/different. Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known local architecture.	Art in Context/History he/she can use stylistic features of well known architects in their 3D work and explain how their work is similar/different. Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known local architecture and it's significance to King's Lynn.	and explain how their work is similar/different. Art in Context/History he/she can use stylistic features of well known architects in their 3D work and explain how their work is similar/different. Art in Context/History he/she can discuss and describe well known local architecture and it's significance to King's Lynn.
Voc ary		Blend, Primary Colour, Secondary Colour, Warm, Cold,	Words used Years 1 – 6 Arch, Architecture, Carve, Composition, Design, Dome, Highlight, Mid-Tone, Primary Colours, Sculpture, Secondary Colours, Shade, Symmetrical	Words used Years 1 – 6 Arch, Architecture, Carve, Composition, Design, Dome, Highlight, Mid-Tone, Primary Colours, Sculpture, Secondary Colours, Shade, Symmetrical	Words used Years 1 – 6 Arch, Architecture, Carve, Composition, Design, Dome, Highlight, Mid-Tone, Primary Colours, Sculpture, Secondary Colours, Shade, Symmetrical	Words used Years 1 – 6 Arch, Architecture, Carve, Composition, Design, Dome, Highlight, Mid-Tone, Primary Colours, Sculpture, Secondary Colours, Shade, Symmetrical	Words used Years 1 – 6 Arch, Architecture, Carve, Composition, Design, Dome, Highlight, Mid-Tone, Primary Colours, Sculpture, Secondary Colours, Shade, Symmetrical	Words used Years 1 – 6 Arch, Architecture, Carve, Composition, Design, Dome, Highlight, Mid-Tone, Primary Colours, Sculpture, Secondary Colours, Shade, Symmetrical
					Words new in Years 3 – 4 repeated in Years 5-6 Abstract, Asymmetrical, In relief, In the round, Mosaic, Print, Scroll, Woodblock print.	Words new in Years 3 – 4 repeated in Years 5-6 Abstract, Asymmetrical, In relief, In the round, Mosaic, Print, Scroll, Woodblock print.	Words introduced Years 5 – 6 Block Printing, Broken Brushstrokes, Calligraphy, Cast, Constructive Brushstrokes, Drapery, Figurative, Gothic, Ivory, Linear Perspective, Pigment, Porcelain, Renaissance, Stylized, Vanishing Point	Words introduced Years 5 – 6 Block Printing, Broken Brushstrokes, Calligraphy, Cast, Constructive Brushstrokes, Drapery, Figurative, Gothic, Ivory, Linear Perspective, Pigment, Porcelain, Renaissance, Stylized, Vanishing Point